Office of Superintendent of Schools Board Meeting of September 10, 2008

Freddie Woodson, Deputy Superintendent School Operations

SUBJECT: PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF SCHOOL BOARD RULE:

FINAL READING 6Gx13-6A-1.471, CHARTER SCHOOLS (K-12)

COMMITTEE: INSTRUCTIONAL EXCELLENCE AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

LINK TO DISTRICT

STRATEGIC PLAN: GENERAL OPERATIONS

The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, announced on August 4, 2008, its intention to amend School Board Rule 6Gx13- 6A-1.471, Charter Schools (K-12) at its meeting of September 10, 2008. The proposed amendment to this Board Rule is necessary in order to comply with changes in policies, strengthen the charter school application and contract review/negotiation process, and to clarify charter school monitoring procedures.

The Notice of Intended Action was published in the *Miami Daily Business Review* on August 7, 2008, posted in various places for public information, and mailed to various organizations representing persons affected by the amended rule and to individuals requesting notification.

The time to request a hearing or protest the adoption of this rule has elapsed.

In accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, this amended rule is presented to The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, for adoption and authorization to file the rule in the official records of The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida.

Attached are the Notice of Intended Action and the rule proposed for amendment. Changes from the current rule are indicated by <u>underscoring</u> words to be added and striking through words to be deleted.

**RECOMMENDED:** That The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, adopt amended School Board Rule 6Gx13- 6A-1.471, Charter Schools

(K-12), and authorize the Superintendent to file the rule with The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, to be effective

September 10, 2008.

MB/EOW/TP:elg

C-101

#### C-101 NOTICE OF INTENDED ACTION

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA, announced on August 4, 2008, its intention to amend School Board Rule 6Gx13- 6A-1.471, Charter Schools (K-12), at its meeting of September 10, 2008.

PURPOSE AND EFFECT: The amended School Board Rule sets forth the processes for the implementation and oversight of charter schools pursuant to changes in the Florida Charter School Legislation.

SUMMARY: To amend School Board Rule 6Gx13- 6A-1.471, Charter Schools (K-12). Amendments to this Board Rule are necessary in order to comply with changes in the Florida Charter School Legislation, strengthen the charter school application and contract review/negotiation processes, and to enhance charter school monitoring procedures.

SPECIFIC LEGAL AUTHORITY UNDER WHICH RULEMAKING IS AUTHORIZED: 1001.41 (1), (2); 1001.42 (23); 1001.43 (10), F.S.

LAW IMPLEMENTED, INTERPRETED, OR MADE SPECIFIC: 218.503(1); 1002.33; 1013.62, F.S.

IF REQUESTED, A HEARING WILL BE HELD DURING THE BOARD MEETING OF September 10, 2008, which begins at 1:00 p.m., in the School Board Auditorium, 1450 N.E. Second Avenue, Miami, Florida 33132. Persons requesting such a hearing or who wish to provide information regarding the statement of estimated regulatory costs, or provide a proposal for a lower cost regulatory alternative as provided by Section 120.541 (1), F.S., must do so, in writing by August 28, 2008, to the Superintendent of Schools, Room 912, at the same address.

ANY PERSON WHO DECIDES TO APPEAL THE DECISION made by The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, with respect to this action will need to ensure the preparation of a verbatim record of the proceedings, including the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based (Section 286.0105, Florida Statute).

A COPY OF THE PROPOSED AMENDED RULE is available at cost to the public for inspection and copying, in the Citizen Information Center, Room 158, 1450 N.E. Second Avenue, Miami, Florida 33132.

Originator:

Mr. Freddie Woodson

Date:

July 23, 2008

# Instruction - Elementary and Secondary

### **CHARTER SCHOOLS (K - 12)**

- 1. Pursuant to the provisions of Fla. Stat. § 1002.33, and subsequent amendments, The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida ("Sponsor" or "School Board") may authorize charter schools only to meet the principles and fulfill the purposes set forth in the edition of Fla. Stat. § 1002.33(2), current at that time. Approved charter schools are fully recognized as public schools and shall receive services from the Sponsor as required by law.
- 2. The Sponsor designates the Superintendent to receive and review all charter applications. The Superintendent shall recommend the approval or denial of each charter application within the time period provided by law.
- 3. The Superintendent shall make recommendations to the School Board relating to charter school applications and contracts. The Sponsor shall have final authority, by majority vote, to approve or deny any application and charter contract within the time period covered by set forth in law, unless the applicant and the Sponsor mutually agree to an extension.
- 4. The School Board hereby recognizes its authority and responsibility to implement the Florida Statutes and Florida State Board of Education Rules relating to charter schools, as amended from time to time, and in addition adopts the standards, criteria, and procedures set forth in the sections below.

#### 5. Technical Assistance

- a. No later than 30 days prior to application submission deadline, applicants may submit a letter of intent detailing the following information regarding the proposed charter school: focus/theme; projected annual enrollment; prospective grade levels to be served; facility and/or location of proposed charter school; and contact information.
- b. The Sponsor will provide application assistance to the extent feasible, and within current resources.
- c. Florida Department of Education Technical Assistance If a dispute or conflict relating to any financial or compliance audit of the Charter School should arise, both parties may request, in writing, technical assistance from the Florida Department of Education.

### 6. Charter Application Process

a. All applications must be completed pursuant to the Sponsor's instructions for submitting applications and received in the appropriate Sponsor's office on or before the submission deadline provided by the law no later than 4:30 p.m. Should the submission deadline fall on a non-business day, the deadline shall be postponed to 4:30 p.m. on the next business day. (Community college and charter technical center applications are not subject to this timeline.)

- b. The Sponsor shall not charge any fees for processing or consideration of a charter school application. Furthermore, the Sponsor's approval of a charter shall not be predicated on the promise of any future pay of any kind.
- c. The applicant and Sponsor may mutually agree, in writing, to extend the statutory timeline to consider the charter application. Such agreement shall be in writing and detail the extension date or timeframe.
- d. The Sponsor, and/or any of its designees, shall not take unlawful reprisal against another district school board employee because that employee is either directly or indirectly involved with an application to establish a charter school.
- bee. The Sponsor may solicit information regarding: (1) history and background of applicants and/or founding/governing boards, including (but not limited to) a reasonable demonstration of the professional experience or competence of those individuals or organizations applying to operate the Charter School or those hired or retained to perform such professional services; and (2) the description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the Charter School. A description of internal audit procedures and establishment of controls to ensure that the financial resources are properly managed must be included. This information may be utilized to evaluate the applicant's ability to operate a charter school.
- f. Name of Charter School -- To mitigate the potential for misidentification, charter schools shall not use or bear the name of an existing public or charter school in Miami-Dade County.
- e.g. Technical Assistance Team (TAT)--The TAT shall perform the initial a review of all applications submitted in compliance with the deadline provided by law The TAT shall provide feedback to the applicants and review any resulting revisions. The TAT shall evaluate and make recommendations to the District Review Committee on each application.
- d.h. To ensure thorough analysis and evaluation, the The TAT may be comprised of one or more representatives for each of the following disciplines areas or comparable District departments:
  - Special Education
     Adult/Vocational/Alternative
     Education
  - Instructional Technology Advanced Academics
  - Bilingual Education and World Languages Assessment and Data Analysis
  - Language Arts/Reading Attendance Services

- Social Sciences Bilingual Education and World Languages
- Mathematics and Science Civil Rights and Diversity Compliance
- Adult/Vocational/Alternative EducationFacilities
- Advanced Academics Financial Operations
- Assessment and Data AnalysisFood and Nutrition

- School Operations <u>Human</u> Resources
- Attendance Services
   Instructional Technology
- Student-Services
- Life Skills and Special Projects
- FinanceLanguage
   Arts/Reading
   (elementary or secondary)
- Risk and Benefits
   Management
   and Compliance Audits
- Management and Compliance Audits
   Mathematics (elementary or secondary)
- Transportation Performance Management

- Human Resources Program Evaluation
- Performance Management Risk and Benefits Management
- Food and NutritionSchool Operations
- FacilitiesScience (elementary or secondary)
- Program Evaluation Social Sciences
- Information Technology Services Special Education
- Civil Rights and Diversity
   Compliance Student Services
- Transportation

Other disciplines may be added when appropriate TAT membership may be increased or decreased based on the type of application submitted.

- e.i. Applicants are notified and requested to attend the second level-review before the District Review Committee (DRC). At least one (1) representative of the Charter School must be available to answer questions from the DRC. The DRC shall review all applications, taking under consideration the recommendations of the TAT, and by majority vote, make a recommendation of approval or denial of each application to the Superintendent of Schools. All applications will be submitted to the Sponsor by the Superintendent with a recommendation for approval or denial.
- <u>f-i.</u> The DRC shall be comprised of members of the Superintendent's Cabinet or their appropriate designees, school principals and other community organization leaders from the following areas of expertise:
  - Curriculum and InstructionSchool Operations (Chair)
  - Curriculum and Instructional SupportAssessment and Data Analysis
  - Elementary Curriculum and Instruction Charter School Operations Staff (non-voting)
  - Secondary Curriculum and Instruction County Council of PTA/PTSA

- Special Education Curriculum and Assessment
- Assessment and Data
   Analysis Diversity Equity and
   Excellence Advisory
   Committee
- Human Resources Elementary Curriculum
- Performance
   ManagementElementary
   Education (school principal)
- Business Operations Facilities

- School Operations Financial Operations
- Facilities Human Resources
- Diversity-and Equity Excellence Advisory CommitteeManagement and Compliance Audits (non-voting)
- Elementary Education (school principal)Performance Management
- Secondary Education (school principal)School Board Attorney (non-voting)
- County Council
   PTA/PTSASecondary Curriculum

- School Board Attorney (nonvoting)Secondary Education (school principal)
- Management and Compliance Audits (non-voting)Special Education
- Charter School Operations Staff (non-voting)

g.k. Two-thirds A majority of the entire membership constitutes a quorum for voting purposes. The Chair shall be a non-voting member except in the case of a tie vote.

# 7. Contract Negotiation Process

- a. A standard charter contract shall be approved by the Sponsor to be used as the basis for all charters approved under this Rule, and it shall be consistent with this Rule. Any and all subsequent amendments to this contract must be presented to the Sponsor for approval.
- b. A Contract Review Committee (CRC) shall be convened to negotiate any contract or amendment that significantly deviates from the standard charter contract, as well as any contract amendments. In such instances, The the CRC shall review all charters, and make a recommendations regarding of approval or denial to the Superintendent of Schools. At least one (1) representative of the Charter School must be available to answer questions from the CRC when the charter is reviewed.
- c. The Contract Review Committee shall be comprised of members of the Superintendent's Cabinet, or their appropriate designees, from the following areas of expertise:
  - Curriculum and InstructionSchool Operations (Chair)
  - Curriculum and Instructional SupportAssessment and Data Analysis
  - Assessment and Data
     AnalysisCharter School
     Operations Staff (non-voting)
  - Chief of StaffCurriculum and Assessment
  - Business Operations Facilities
  - FinanceFinancial Operations

- Risk Benefits
   ManagementGrants
   Administration
- School Operations Human Resources
- Facilities Management and Compliance Audits (nonvoting)
- Grants AdministrationRisk and Benefits Management
- Management and Compliance Audits (non-

- voting)School Board Attorney (non-voting)
- School Board Attorney (nonvoting)
- Charter School Operations Staff (non-voting)
- d. Two-thirds-A majority of the entire membership constitutes a quorum for voting purposes. The Chair shall be a non-voting member except in the case of a tie vote.
- e.Applicants who do not enter into contract negotiations within (1) the timeframe specified by law, (2) the date of extension which has been mutually agreed upon in writing by the both parties, or (3) the timeframe associated with a deferral, the application will be determined to be revoked and require resubmission as a new applicant.
- f-e. Contracts will not be negotiated unless a facility has been secured for the term of the charter. In its sole discretion, the Sponsor may negotiate and execute a contract if a temporary facility has been secured. Evidence that a facility has been secured may include, but is not limited to: letter of intent from the landlord or mortgagee indicating property usage and term of occupancy; executed lease or certificate of occupancy; use or occupational license indicating proper use as a charter school or private school.

### 8.Deforral of Opening

- a.In its sole discretion, the Sponsor may grant a deferral, not to exceed two years, allowing a charter school to postpone its opening. If the contract has not been negotiated upon election of a deferral, the applicant will not be required to reapply but may be required to update their application to accommodate any changes in application or legal requirements. However, if a contract has been executed at the time of deferral, the Charter School's Governing Board will be required to amend the Charter School's charter; in which case, the Charter School must follow the charter amendment process.
- b.If a charter school is granted a deferral to postpone its opening, and the Charter School is unable to open consistent with the beginning date as indicated in the approved deferral or amended charter, the application and charter contract shall be automatically revoked and require resubmission as a new applicant.
- f. Request to Extend Negotiations/ School Opening
  - i. The applicant and Sponsor may mutually agree to extend the statutory timeline to negotiate and consider approval of the charter contract for a period not to exceed one (1) year from the approval of the charter school application. Requests initiated by the applicant shall be presented to the Sponsor, in writing, by an authorized agent of the Charter School, detailing the reason for the requested extension and proposed commencement date or timeframe. The decision whether or not to extend the negotiation period shall be the sole discretion of the Sponsor.

- ii. In the event that the statutory timeline to negotiate and enter into a charter contract is extended, the applicant shall update its charter school application prior to resuming negotiations with regard to: (1) updated budget; and (2) applicable application revisions necessitated by the delay.
- iii. Applicants who do not enter into contract negotiations within: (1) the timeframe specified by law; or (2) the date of extension which has been mutually agreed upon in writing by both parties, will have the approval of the application automatically rescinded.
- its charter school at the beginning of the Sponsor's next school year following the approval of the charter school application. At the written request of the applicant and at the Sponsor's sole discretion, the Sponsor may allow an applicant with an approved charter school application to defer the opening of its charter school for a period not to exceed the second school year following the approval of its charter school application. In the event that the opening of the approved applicant's charter school is deferred, the applicant shall update its charter school application prior to the opening of the charter school with regard to: (1) updated budget; and (2) applicable application revisions necessitated by the delay.
- v. Even if the contract negotiation period is extended or the charter school's opening date is deferred, the approved applicant must enter into a charter school contract and open its charter school no later than the beginning of the Sponsor's second school year following the approval of its charter school application. If an approved applicant fails to enter into a charter school contract or open its charter school by the beginning of the second school year following the approval of its application, the charter school application and charter contract (if one was executed) shall be automatically revoked.

#### 9.8. Charter Renewal Process

- a. Prior to renewal of a charter, the Sponsor shall perform a program review to determine the following:
  - the level of success of the current academic program;
  - ii. achievement of the goals and objectives, as required by State Accountability Standards and successful accomplishment of the criteria under Fla. Stat. § 1002.33(7)(a);
  - iii. the viability of the organization:
  - iv. the level of compliance with terms of the charter; and
  - v. that none of the statutory grounds for non-renewal have been documented.
- Any charter school seeking renewal shall be required to complete a charter renewal application and undergo the Sponsor's renewal process. The charter renewal application shall include supporting documentation for items (i)-(v) above.

- c. Upon approval, the charter contract will be renewed following the charter negotiation process in Section 7.
- <u>e.d.</u> Charter schools that are not granted a renewal shall follow the non-renewal process <u>delineated in Section 10 of this Rule</u>.

#### 40.9. Charter Amendments

- a. There shall be no modification of any contractual provision(s) of the standard charter contract language, unless mutually agreed by both parties in writing. All amendments must be negotiated in compliance with the contract negotiation process as described in paragraph (7) (b). Any unilateral modification discovered to have been made in the charter by the applicant is grounds for termination or non-renewal.
- b. Either party may submit a contract amendment request for consideration once per school year, no later than December 1, unless a later time is deemed necessary because either party can demonstrate that an amendment is necessary to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the students.

### c. Location amendments:

- i. Requests for amendments for a change in the location of the charter school shall include the following information and supporting documentation:
  - A. Whether the change in location will be permanent or temporary. If the relocation will be temporary, the request shall include the period of time during which the school will be at the temporary location.
  - B. The effective date of the relocation.
  - C. Documentation indicating that financial implications, feasibility, and student access issues have been addressed.
  - D. Documentation of parental support for the new facility.
  - E. Documentation indicating the school's property interest in the facility (owner or lessee).
  - F. If the school leases the facility, a disclosure affidavit in accordance with Fla. Stat. § 286.23.
- ii. The school shall provide documentation to the Sponsor of all necessary permits, licenses, zoning, use approval, facility certification and other approvals required for use of the facility by the local government, no later than 30 days prior to the initial use of the facility by the school.
- <u>iii.</u> If the request for an amendment is to add a campus, capacity and grade configuration of each location shall be included in the request, in addition to the information and documentation described in paragraphs i and ii above.
- iv. If the request for a location amendment involves a facility where other schools are in operation, the names of the school(s), the grade levels, and the number of students enrolled in each school shall be included in the

- <u>request</u>, in addition to the information and documentation described in paragraphs i and ii above.
- d. A Contract Review Committee (CRC) shall be convened to negotiate any significant amendments or any changes in the contract that significantly deviate from the standard charter contract language.

### **<u>41-10.</u>** Charter Termination/Non-renewal Process

- a. The Sponsor may choose to cancel or terminate the charter contract before term expiration for any reason set forth in law and/or the charter contract—(i.e., immediate termination or good cause).
- b. Near Prior to the end conclusion of the current term of a charter, the Sponsor may choose not to renew or to terminate the charter based on the grounds specified in Fla. Stat. § 1002.33 (8) (a), upon ninety (90) days' notice. The Charter School's Governing Board may also elect not to renew the charter. In the case of non-renewal or termination, the following procedures apply:
  - The Charter School shall be dissolved under the provisions of the law under which the Charter School was organized.
  - ii. The Sponsor's Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee shall provide appropriate notification within the timeline specified by the law.
  - iii. Upon election of termination/non-renewal by the Charter School's Governing Board, notification, in writing, shall be provided to the Sponsor at least ninety (90) days before the effective termination date. A Board Resolution, signed by the Charter School's Governing Board Chair and Secretary, indicating support of this action, shall accompany the written notification provided to the Sponsor.
  - iv. Student records <u>and</u> copies of administrative, operational, and financial records of the Charter School shall be made available to the Sponsor on the effective termination date.
  - v. The Sponsor shall notify the appropriate District offices so appropriate action can be taken regarding: staffing and planning; unencumbered public funds (except for capital outlay funds and program grant funds); furniture, fixtures and equipment purchased with public funds; and student and financial records.

### 12.11. Governance/Management

- a. A charter school shall organize or be operated by a non-profit organization, by a municipality, or by another public entity, as provided by law.
- <u>a.b.</u> Charter School's Governing Board Requirements.
  - i. The Charter School's Governing Board shall be solely responsible for the operation of the Charter School which includes, but is not limited to: school operational policies, academic accountability, and financial accountability.
  - ii. Charter School's Governing Board Members must:

- A. Successfully undergo fulfill a background check by the Sponsor, as specified by law, within thirty (30) days of appointment. Costs shall be borne by the Charter School or Charter School's board member.
- B. Develop and approve by-laws which govern the operations of the Board and the Charter School prior to execution of the charter contract and annually consult with charter school staff to refine overall policy decision-making of the Charter School as it pertains to curriculum, financial management and internal controls.
- C. Not be an employee of the Charter School or receive compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Charter School's operations, including but not limited to: grant funds; lease/mortgage payments; or contracted service fees.
- D. Participate in charter school governance training to ensure that each board member is aware of his/her duties and responsibilities, annually.

# b.c. Dispute Procedures (Sponsor versus Charter School Governing Board)

- i. The Sponsor and the Charter School agree that the existence and the details of a dispute notwithstanding, both parties shall continue without delay their performance under the charter contract, except for any performance which may be directly affected by such dispute.
- ii. Either party shall notify the other party that a dispute exists between them. Such notification shall be in writing and shall identify the article and section of the Contract that is in dispute and the grounds for the position that such article and section is in dispute. The matter shall be immediately submitted to the Sponsor's Deputy Superintendent, Curriculum and Instruction and the Charter School's Director for further consideration and discussion to attempt to resolve the dispute.
- iii. Should the representatives named in paragraph (ii) be unable to resolve the dispute within ten (10) days of the date of notification by one to the other of the existence of such dispute, then the matter may be submitted by either party to the Sponsor's Superintendent of Schools and to the School's Governing Board Chair for further consideration and discussion to attempt to resolve the dispute.
- iv. Should the parties still be unable to resolve their dispute within thirty (30) days of the date of notification by one to the other of the existence of such dispute, then the matter may be submitted to mediation and appealed to an administrative law judge as provided in the law. Any disputes relating to nonrenewal or termination shall follow the procedures set forth within the charter school statute.
- <u>e.d.</u> Conflict Resolution (Charter School versus Parents/Legal Guardians, <u>Employees and Vendors</u>)

- All conflicts between the Charter School and the parents/legal guardians of the students enrolled at the Charter School shall be handled by the Charter School or its Governing Board.
- ii. Evidence of each parent's/guardian's acknowledgement of the Charter School's Parent Conflict Resolution Process shall be available for review upon request by the Sponsor.
- iii. All conflicts between the Charter School and the employees of the Charter School shall be handled by the Charter School or its Governing Board.
- iv. All conflicts between the Charter School and vendors of the Charter School shall be handled by the Charter School or its Governing Board.
- <u>iii.v.</u> The Sponsor shall be provided with the name and contact information of the parties involved in the Charter School's Conflict Resolution process. The Sponsor shall be notified immediately of any change in the contact information.

# d.e. Management Companies

- If a management company or a combination of contracted professionals will be managing the Charter School, the contract(s) between the Charter School and company(ies) shall be submitted to the Sponsor for review prior to the approval of the Charter School's contract.
- ii. Any amendments to these contracts shall be submitted to the Sponsor for approval prior to execution by the Charter School. A copy of all executed contracts must be provided to the Sponsor within the timeframe provided by the charter contract.
- iii. All management company contracts with the Charter School must make it clear that the charter governing body shall retain and exercise continuing oversight over all charter school operations and must contain provisions specifying the ability for the Charter School to terminate the contract and must comply with terms as stated in the charter contract between the Charter School and the Sponsor. Any default or breach of the terms of the charter contract by the Management Company(ies) shall constitute a default or breach of the charter contract by the Charter School.
- iv. Neither employees of the management company nor members of the management company's employees' families, as defined by School Board Rule 6Gx13 -4A-1.18, Assignment Members of the Same Family, shall serve on the Charter School's Governing Board or serve as officers of the Corporation.
- f. Unlawful Reprisal -- The Sponsor, and/or any of its designees, shall not take unlawful reprisal against another District school board employee because that employee is either directly or indirectly involved with a charter school.

# 13.12. Pre-Opening and Operational Compliance

- a. The Sponsor shall not impose any policies or practices to limit charter school enrollment other than those as provided in state law and/or necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of students
- <u>a.b.</u> The Charter School <u>will</u> comply with the Charter School Benchmarks, as disseminated for each school year.
- b.c. The Charter School will shall utilize the Charter School Compliance Monitoring System (CSCMS), or any other monitoring software or compliance monitoring procedure in use by the Sponsor, in order to maintain accountability with the Charter School Benchmarks and document compliance with contractual requirements within the timelines specified.
- e.d. All Charter School decisions and financial transactions/relationships must be completely transparent.
- d-e. The Sponsor may document, in writing, any discrepancies or deficiencies--whether fiscal, educational or related to school climate--and the steps and timelines for correction and additional monitoring. At a minimum, copies will be provided to the Charter School's Governing Board Chair, Charter School Principal and appropriate Sponsor Staff.
- e.f. To ensure life, health and safety compliance, the Charter School shall obtain the appropriate facility capacity approvals from the <u>jurisdictional</u> authority in whose jurisdiction where the facility is located (i.e., county, municipality or both). The Sponsor, at its discretion, may accept a letter from the architect of record specifying the capacity if the capacity is not provided by the facility's <u>jurisdictional authority</u>. The Sponsor may withhold monthly payments for FTE that exceed capacity specified by the charter contract or approved facility capacity.
- f.g. The Charter School's calendar will be consistent with the beginning of the Sponsor's calendar for each school year and must provide instruction for the minimum number of days and minutes required by law for other public schools. Should the Charter School elect to provide a summer program or year-round school, the Charter School shall notify the Sponsor, in writing, each year to ensure appropriate record keeping.
- g.h. Student Code of Conduct, Student Handbooks, and Parent Contracts
  - i. Only the Sponsor's School Board may expel a student.
  - ii. The Charter School shall follow the Sponsor's Student Code of Conduct, unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties, in writing. If an alternate student code of conduct has been approved by the Sponsor, the Sponsor shall be provided a copy of the student code of conduct annually. Any amendments must be approved by the Sponsor, prior to implementation.; any Parent Contracts shall also be submitted to the Sponsor for approval.

- iii. Any student handbooks and parent contracts shall also be submitted to the Sponsor for approval, prior to implementation. Any amendments must be approved by the Sponsor, prior to implementation.
- <u>iii-iv.</u> The Charter School may be required to provide proof of parent/guardian's receipt of student code of conduct, handbook or parent contract, upon reasonable notice.

# h.i. Facility Leases

- i. If a charter school will be leasing or subleasing a facility, the contract(s) between the Charter School and landlord or sublessor shall be submitted to the Sponsor for review.
- ii. Any amendments to the lease shall be submitted to the Sponsor for approval review prior to execution, by the Charter School.
- iii. A copy of all executed contracts must be provided to the Sponsor within the timeframe provided by the charter contract.
- iv. Any default or breach of the terms of the charter contract by the lessor/sublessor shall constitute a default or breach of the charter contract by the Charter School.

### i.Name of Charter School

i.To avoid confusion of the public, charter schools shall not use or bear the name of an existing public or charter school in Miami-Dade County

# <u>14.13.</u> Academic Accountability

- a. The Superintendent or designee shall have ongoing responsibility for monitoring all approved charter schools. The Superintendent or designee and all School Board members shall have free and open access to the Charter School at all times.
- b. The Sponsor shall monitor adherence to the educational and related programs as specified in the approved application which sets forth the Charter School's curriculum; instructional methods; any distinctive instructional techniques to be used, which include reading programs and specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level; compliance with Sunshine State Standards; assessment accountability; and achievement of long- and short-term goals.
- c. The Charter School shall make annual progress reports to the Sponsor as indicated by the Sponsor's Charter School Benchmarks.

#### d. Special Education

 Special Education (SPED) students will be educated in an inclusionary, least restrictive environment. The Charter School shall ensure that SPED students are provided with programs and services implemented in accordance with federal, state, and local policies and procedures and specifically, the IDEA, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and other related statutes and State Board of Education Rules.

- ii. The Charter School shall deliver all educational and related services indicated on the <u>a</u> student's IEP or EP.
- iii. The Sponsor shall be responsible for conducting and evaluating students referred for potential special education and gifted placement in accordance with federal and state statutes.
- e. English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) -- Students who are of limited proficiency in English will be served by ESOL certified personnel who will follow the Sponsor's Limited English Proficient Plan, which meets the requirements of the League of United Latin American Citizens (LULAC) et al. v. State Board of Education Consent Decree.
- f. The Sponsor may require all charter schools to submit to the Sponsor a school improvement plan to ensure a plan to maintain or raise student academic achievement within the timelines specified by the Sponsor. However, any charter school that receives the designation as a School In Need of Improvement (SINI), as defined by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE), must submit to the Sponsor a school improvement plan for review and approval by the Sponsor for submission to the FLDOE within the timelines specified by the FLDOE and comply with all other requirements of the law.

# 45.14. Financial Accountability

- a. In order to provide comparable financial information, charter schools shall maintain all financial records in accordance with the accounts and codes prescribed in the most recent issuance of the publication titled, Financial and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools. Charter schools shall provide annual financial reports and program cost report information by the deadlines specified in the charter contract, in the state-required formats for inclusion in the Sponsor's reporting in compliance with Fla. Stat.§1011.60(1) and 1002.33(9)(h). The financial statements are to be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles using governmental accounting, regardless of corporate structure. The annual financial audit must be in the State-required format.
- b. First year charter schools may be required to provide the Sponsor any of the following, which may be in addition to information otherwise required by law:
  - A sensitivity analysis and financial plan based on enrollment of 50%, 75% and 100% of projected capacity.
  - ii. Cash flow projections for the first year, displayed by month, and a plan to fund any cash flow shortfalls, updated monthly.
  - iii. Contingency plans to replace any loss of State funds for both operation and capital expenditures.
  - iv. Within forty-five (45) days of month end, reconciliations of all bank accounts, which must include a copy of the entire bank statement of each account, must be attached to the bank reconciliation.

- c. Title I: A charter school that is eligible to receive Title I funds shall submit an approved Title I Schoolwide Plan within three (3) months of becoming a designated Title I school. Failure to submit an approved plan will result in withholding of Title I funds.
- d. Financial Policies: The Charter School shall establish and implement accounting and reporting policies, procedures, and practices for maintaining complete records of all receipts and expenditures. The Charter School shall provide a copy of these policies to the Sponsor annually.
- e. Quarterly Reports: As specified by the Charter School Benchmarks, the Charter School shall provide to the Sponsor all applicable financial statements including a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These reports must be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles using governmental accounting, as stated in subsection (15)(14)(a) above.

#### f. Annual Financial Statements

- i. Unaudited June 30 year-end financial statements shall be submitted to the Sponsor within the timelines specified by the charter contract. These financial statements must be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles using governmental accounting.
- ii. Annual Financial Audit The Charter School agrees to submit to and pay for an annual financial audit, in compliance with Federal, State and Sponsor regulations, showing all revenue received, from all sources, and all expenditures for services rendered. The audit shall be conducted by an independent certified public accountant selected by the Governing Board of the Charter School, and shall be delivered to the Sponsor in compliance with the charter contract. If the Charter School's audit reveals a deficit financial position, the auditors are required to notify the Charter School's Governing Board, the Sponsor and the Florida Department of Education in the manner defined in the charter contract. No later than May 1 of each year, the Charter School must formally notify the Sponsor of the name, address, and phone number of the auditor engaged to perform the year end audit.
  - A. Selection Procedures -- Charter Schools shall use auditor selection procedures when selecting an auditor to conduct the annual financial audit pursuant to the processes described in Fla. Stat. §§ 218.39 and 218.391, which includes, but is not limited to: the establishment of an audit committee and request for proposal (RFP) for audit services, public advertisement of RFP, and development of evaluation and selection criteria.
  - B. Requirements -- Pursuant to Fla. Stat. § 218.391, the procurement of audit services shall be evidenced by a written contract embodying all provisions and conditions of the procurement of such services. An engagement letter signed and executed by both parties shall constitute a

written contract. The written contract shall, at a minimum, include the following:

- A provision specifying the services to be provided and fees or other compensation for such services;
- A provision requiring that invoices for fees or other compensation be submitted in sufficient detail to demonstrate compliance with the terms of the contract; and
- A provision specifying the contract period, including renewals, and conditions under which the contract may be terminated or renewed.
- iii. Failure to comply with the timely submission of all financial statements in the required format specified by the Sponsor, shall constitute a material breach of the charter contract and will result in the Sponsor's withholding of subsequent payments to the Charter School without penalty of interest, (including state capital payments), and may result in non-renewal or termination for good cause.
- g. Capital Outlay Payment Process
  - i. Using the State-issued form, each charter school requesting capital outlay funds must submit a Charter School Capital Outlay Plan to the Sponsor for review and approval. The plan must contain information on all capital outlay projects the Charter School has completed or expects to complete for which reimbursement will be requested from currently available or future capital outlay funds. A charter school may include more capital projects in its plan than can be funded from the anticipated capital outlay allocation.
  - ii. The Charter School Capital Outlay Plan must be signed by the Chairperson of the Charter School's Governing Body. A copy of the Charter School's annual budget, adopted by its board of directors, shall also be submitted to the Sponsor, along with the Charter School Capital Outlay Plan.
  - iii. Approval of the Charter School Capital Outlay Plan by the Charter School's governing body must be documented in the official minutes of the meeting in which the governing body approved the plan. The minutes must be certified by both the Chairperson and Secretary of the governing body and submitted to the Sponsor along with the Charter School Capital Outlay Plan.
  - iv. Upon receipt of a complete Charter School Capital Outlay Plan from a charter school, the Sponsor's Chief Financial Officer will convene a committee to review, and accept or reject each Charter School Capital Outlay Plan. The committee may reject a project without rejecting the entire plan. The Sponsor shall reject any Charter School Capital Outlay Plan for any charter school deemed to be financially unstable.
  - v. The Charter School Capital Outlay Plan Review Committee will be made up by the following M-DCPS staff members:
    - Chief Financial Officer (Chair)

- Chief Facilities Officer or designee
- Chief Budget Officer or designee
- · Controller or designee; and
- Administrative Director Assistant Superintendent, School Choice and Parental Options, Division of Specialized Programs, or designee.

A majority of the entire membership constitutes a quorum for voting purposes.

- vi. Each charter school will be notified in writing of the Charter School Capital Outlay Plan Review Committee's decision.
- vii. A charter school may request a distribution of funds only after it receives written notice that its Charter School Capital Outlay Plan has been accepted by the Sponsor and such other such conditions are met in accordance with Florida Statute (including allocation of funds by the Commissioner) and the written agreement with the Sponsor that permits such distribution.
- viii. Each request for a distribution of capital outlay funds by a charter school must be accompanied by documentation for the full amount being requested. Examples of documentation include, but are not limited to:
  - A. Copies of fully-executed contracts, such as: lease or lease purchase agreements; rental contracts; sales contracts; or construction contracts. If a lease has been amended or the location changes, a copy of the amended or new lease shall be provided to the Sponsor. If there is no change in the lease contract from the previous year, the Charter School shall submit an assertion letter signed by the landlord and the Charter School's Governing Board Chair stating that the Charter School is still leasing the current facility as well as the amount of rent payments for the current year. If the amount of lease payment is subject to an escalation clause, the assertion letter must be accompanied by a detailed calculation of the increase from the previous fiscal year.
  - B. Copies of signed purchase orders or bills of sale.
- ix. The Sponsor shall credit each charter school every six (6) months with interest on the undistributed daily balances of capital outlay funds, based on the actual monthly rate of return, as determined by the Florida State Board Administration Local Government investment pool.
- x. The Sponsor shall retain a portion of the capital outlay allocation until needed by the Charter School to pay current obligations.
- xi. Each capital outlay project undertaken by a charter school shall be in accordance with the requirements of the laws related to Educational Facilities.
- xii. Upon completion of each project, the Charter School shall submit to the Sponsor: (1) the permanent Certificate of Occupancy issued by the authority of the appropriate jurisdiction; (2) an Affidavit by the Architect or Engineer of

Record that the project is completed in accordance with the design documents; and (3) an Affidavit by the Chair of the governing body of the Charter School that all contracts for construction, design, testing, and other Support services for the project have been paid in full, along with final releases for all contracts the Charter School held for construction, design, or ancillary services for the project, along with a request for payment to the Charter School for the amount approved for the project. The Sponsor shall make payment to the Charter School accordingly in keeping with its own procedures for making such payments.

#### h. Review and Audit

- i. The Sponsor has the right to review and audit, upon request, all financial records of the Charter School to ensure fiscal accountability and sound financial management pursuant to Fla. Stat. § 1002.33. The Charter School shall provide the Sponsor with a copy of the management letter from any audits as well as any responses to the auditor's findings with a corrective plan which shall be prepared and submitted within thirty (30) days from the date of the management letter.
- ii. Financial Emergency The charter shall ensure that, if a charter school's internal audit or annual financial audit reveals a state of financial emergency as defined by Fla. Stat. § 218.503 or deficit financial position, the auditors shall must notify the Charter School's Governing Board, the Sponsor, and the Florida Department of Education. If the Sponsor determines a charter school to be in "financial emergency" as defined by Fla. Stat. § 218.503, the Sponsor shall notify the Charter School's Governing Board, the Commissioner of Education and Legislative Auditing Committee. The Charter School must provide the Sponsor a detailed financial recovery plan, prescribing actions that will cause the Charter School to no longer be subject to financial emergency, within the timeline specified. The Sponsor will present the recovery plan to the Sponsor's independent Audit Committee for review and recommendation to the Sponsor's School Board. Unacceptable plans may result in termination of the charter centract.
  - A. The Charter School must provide the Chief Auditor of the School Board a detailed financial recovery plan, prescribing actions that will cause the Charter School to no longer be subject to financial emergency and to be a viable entity.
  - B. A Financial Recovery Plan Staff Group (FRSG) shall be convened to review the financial recovery plan(s) submitted by the Charter School(s). The FRSG shall review the plan(s) to determine if it is acceptable and make a recommendation to the Chief Auditor as to its approval or denial. At least one representative of the Charter School must be available to answer questions when the financial recovery plan is reviewed by the FRSG.
  - C. The FRSG shall be comprised of: a member of the Office of Management and Audits, who will serve as the chair; a member of the

- <u>Budget Office</u>; and a member of the Charter School Operations office familiar with the Charter School.
- D. The Chief Auditor will present the FRSG's recommendation to the Sponsor's independent Audit Committee for review and recommendation to the School Board. The School Board will make the final decision as to whether the financial recovery plan is acceptable.
- E. Unacceptable plans may result in termination of the Charter School contract.

#### i. Grants

- If the Sponsor is required to be the fiscal agent for a grant, the Charter School shall comply with the Sponsor's grant procedures as indicated in the charter contract.
- ii. The Sponsor shall receive written approval from the Charter School to include the Charter School in a District-Sponsor-wide grant. The appropriate pro-rata share of grants will be allocated to the Charter School, as defined by the grant awarded.
- iii. The Charter School is required to maintain adequate records to support grant-funded programs for the minimum years prescribed by the law. The Sponsor may review these records, upon reasonable notice.

# 16.15. Emergency Immediate Termination

- a. The Superintendent or designee shall have the right to immediately take action to terminate a charter school for good cause or in the event the health, safety or welfare of the students is threatened. The Sponsor may take further action at the next Board meeting.
- b. The Sponsor, the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee shall have the right to take any reasonable action consistent with the Florida Statutes and the State Board of Education rules to protect the health, safety or welfare of the students. In the event of immediate termination, the Sponsor shall assume the operation of the Charter School for a period of time as determined solely and exclusively by the Sponsor.
- <u>17.16.</u> Interpretation -- In the event that an existing charter school contract provision is found to be inconsistent with this Rule, the contract provision prevails. However, the charter contract shall may be updated to comply with this Rule upon its next amendment or renewal, at the discretion of the Sponsor or the School Board Attorney. Any charter approved after the adoption of this Rule is required to be fully consistent with this Rule in the first instance.

Specific Authority: 1001.41(1), (2); 1001.42(23); 1001.43(10), F.S. Laws Implemented, Interpreted or Made Specific: 218.503(1); 1002.33; 1013.62, F.S.

<u>History</u>: THE SCHOOL BOARD OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

New: 2-14-07